

GREH, SRAMOTA, SIMPTOM: SAMOMOR IN NJEGOVE PERCEPCIJE NA SLOVENSKEM (1850—2000)



SIN, SHAME, SYMPTOM: SUICIDE AND ITS PERCEPTIONS IN SLOVENIA (1850–2000)



CALL FOR PAPERS

We welcome scholars at all stages of their academic careers.

Please send a thematic proposal up to 300 words in english and a short CV.

10 AND 11 SEPTEMBER 2024

NSTITUTE OF CONTEMPORARY HISTORY, LJUBLJANA, SLOVENIA

Throughout centuries, suicide has had different connotations in different cultural environments. From the historical perspective it is interesting as it reflects values, fears and prejudices of the societies in each period. In the period under consideration those who would commit suicide transformed from criminals and sinners into patients: suicide was decriminalised in accordance with the civilizational norms and moved into the area of social pathology (along with alcoholism, idleness, adolescent unrest, and certain sexual deviations), only to later finally become a choice that enabled people to take the process of dying into their own hands instead of surrendering it to fate or coincidence.

OUR RESEARCH QUESTIONS INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO:

- Gender perspectives on suicide
- Scientific, medical, moral and media discourse on suicide
- Social and economic crisis and suicide
- Suicide and literature
- Public perception of suicides: Suicide as an act of rebellion
- Youth suicide vs suicide as a geriatric phenomenon
- The evolution of suicide prevention
- The perceived causes of suicidal behaviour: genetics, alcoholism, progressive degeneration etc.

IMPORTANT DATES

29 FEBRUARY, 2024

Paper submission deadline

END OF MARCH 2024

Acceptance notification

10 AND 11 SEPTEMBER, 2024

Conference date









